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Newspapers as indicated.

## LISTS 1950 BANDIT-SUPPRESSION ACTIVITIES

372,747 BANDITS SUPPRESSED IN CENTRAL AND SOUTH CHINA -- Hankow, Ch'ang-chiang Jih-pao, 1 Jan 51

The Central and South China Military District Headquarters has announced that all bandits in this region, except for a few remaining in the border areas of the provinces, have been completely suppressed. During the first 11 months of 1950, 372,747 bandits were annihilated and 451 artillery pieces, 323,327 small arms, and much miscellaneous equipment, such as radios, telecommunication equipments, draft horses, motor vehicles, ammunition and hand grenades, etc., was captured.

EXPAND BANDIT-SUPPRESSION ACTIVITIES -- Hankow, Ch'ang-chiang Jih-pao, 16 Jan 51

Hankow, 11 January (Hsin-hua) -- The People's Militia in Kiangsi, Kwangsi, Hunan, and Hupeh have been actively supporting the People's Liberation Army in annihilating and suppressing bandits and counterrevolutionary elements.

In 1950, 7,043 bandits were annihilated, including 227 bandit leaders who surrendered or who were captured. A total of 1,479 arms were captured in the 2,766 military engagements against the bandits. Some 1,800 bandits were annihilated in the 430 epewations in Ch'ang-she, Shao-yang, Ch'enthou, and Huit'ung areas in Hunan since the spring of 1950 Since June 1950, some 2,000 bandits were suppressed in Hupeh.

ANNIHILATE 10,402 BANDITS IN KWANGTUNG -- Canton, Nan-fang Jih-pao, 17 Jan 51

The following bandit-suppression results for December 1950 were announced by the Kwangtung Military District Headquarters on 14 January 1951:

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Killed or injured: 259

Taken prisoner: 4,145

Number surrendered: 1,896

Number converted: 4,102

Equipment captured

Small arms: 12,662

Artillery pieces: 43

Artillery shells: 1,689

Ammunition (small arms): 263,229

Also large amounts of hand grenades, transmitters, bayonets, etc.

36,692 BANDITS ANNIHILATED IN CHEKIANG -- Shanghai, Chieh-fang Jih-pao, 4 Jan 51

During 1950, a total of 36,692 bandits were annihilated in Chekiang, including 2,103 killed, 1,602 injured, 12,708 surrendered, and 20,279 captured. Bandit units and organizations which were completely destroyed included 3 armies, 15 columns, 2 regiments, one garrison regiment, one administrative office, and one special office (chuan-shu), while 12 armies, 3 divisions, 23 columns, 2 regiments,, 50 detachments, 2 administrative offices, and one garrison regiment were partially destroyed. Enemy equipment captured included 70 artillery pieces, 17,000 small arms, and a large quantity of ammunition.

KWANGSI SUPPRESSES 43,699 BANDITS IN 2 MONTHS -- Hankow, Ch'ang-chiang Jih-pao, 7 Jan 51

Hankow, 2 January -- In a speech given on 1 January 1951, a leader of the Fourth Field Army attached to the Central and South China Military District congratulated the Kwangsi Guerrilla-Suppression Forcesconttheirsauccessinnsuppressing 43,699 bandits during the 2-month period from mid-October to mid-December 1950. Of the total number of bandits suppressed, some 20,869 bandits were annihilated in the Nan-ning--Liu-chou area alone.

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